

## Unit 1.4 (Ch. 4) Study Guide: Federalism

### Things to Know...

1. Constitutional bases of Federalism (in order):
  - a. Article 1, Sec. 8.3: *Interstate Commerce Clause*
  - b. Article 1, Sec. 8.18: *Necessary & Proper Clause* (elastic clause)
  - c. Article 4: Interstate Relations (know the examples as discussed in class for the sections and clauses below)
    - i. Sec. 1: *Full Faith & Credit*
    - ii. Sec. 2.1: *Privileges & Immunities*
    - iii. Sec. 2.3: *Extradition*
    - iv. Sec. 3: *New States*
    - v. Sec. 4: Federal protection against “domestic violence”
  - d. Article 6: Supremacy Clause
  - e. 10<sup>th</sup> Amendment: *Reserved Powers*
  - f. 11<sup>th</sup> Amendment: lawsuits among the states
2. Division of Power:
  - a. Delegated Powers – powers given by the Constitution
    - i. Expressed powers – enumerated or explicitly mentioned powers (Congressional Powers as listed in Article I, Sec. 8)
    - ii. Implied powers – powers granted, but not specifically mentioned (*Necessary & Proper Clause*, Art. 1, Sec. 8)
  - b. Inherent Powers – powers that belong to the government because it is a government – no other reason. (e.g. the ability to make
  - c. Reserved Powers – powers that are reserved to the states and *not* given to the federal government by the Constitution (10<sup>th</sup> Amendment)
- 3.